

# TIN

Though they had ideas enough to distinguish gold from a stone, and metal from wood, yet they but *timorously* ventured on such terms which should pretend to signify their real essences.

Let dastard souls be *timorously* wife:  
But tell them, Pyrrhus knows not how to form  
Far-fancy'd ills, and dangers out of sight.

**TIMOROUSNESS**, *n. f.* [from *timor*.] Fearfulness.

The clergy, through the *timorousness* of many among them, were refused to be heard by their council.

**TIMOUS**, *adj.* [from *time*.] Early; timely; not innate.

By a wife and *timous* inquisition, the peccant humours and humours must be discovered, purged, or cut off.

**TIN**, *n. f.* [from *tin*, Dutch.]

1. One of the primitive metals called by the chemists Jupiter.

Quicksilver, lead, iron, and *tin*, have opacity or blackness.

*Tin* ore sometimes holds about one-sixth of *tin*. Woodward.

2. Thin plates of iron covered with tin.

To **TIN**, *v. a.* [from the noun.] To cover with tin.

To keep the earth from getting into the vessel, he employed a plate of iron *tinned* over and perforated.

The cover may be *tinned* over only by nailing of single tin plates over it.

New *tinning* a saucepan is chargeable.

**TINICAL**, *n. f.* A mineral.

The *tinical* of the Persians seems to be the chrysolite of the ancients, and what our borax is made of.

To **TINCT**, *v. a.* [from *tinctus*, Lat. *teint*, Fr.]

1. To stain; to colour; to spot; to die.

Some bodies have a more deperitable nature than others in colouration; for a small quantity of saffron will *tinct* more than a very great quantity of wine.

Some were *tinted* blue, some red, others yellow.

I distilled some of the *tinted* liquor, and all that came over was as limpid as rock water.

Those who have preserved an innocence, would not suffer the whiter parts of their soul to be discoloured or *tinted* by the reflection of one sin.

2. To imbue with a taste.

We have artificial wells made in imitation of the natural, as *tinted* upon vitriol, sulphur, and steel.

**TINCT**, *n. f.* [from the verb.] Colour; stain; spot.

That great medicine hath  
With his *tint* gilded thee.

The purple streaming amethyst is thine.

The first scent of a vessel lasts, and the *tint* the wool first appears of.

**TINCTURE**, *n. f.* [from *tinctura*, Fr. *tinctura* from *tinctus*, Lat.]

1. Colour or taste superadded by something.

The fight must be sweetly deceived by an insensible passage from bright colours to dimmer, which Italian artisans call the middle *tinctures*.

Hence the morning planet gilds her horn,  
By *tincture* or reflection they augment  
Their small peculiar.

'Tis the fate of princes that no knowledge  
Come pure to them, but passing through the eyes  
And ears of other men, it takes a *tincture*  
From every channel.

That beloved thing engrosses him, and, like a coloured glass before his eyes, casts its own colour and *tincture* upon all the images of things.

To begin the practice of an art with a light *tincture* of the rules, is to expose ourselves to the scorn of those who are judges.

Malignant tempers, whatever kind of life they are engaged in, will discover their natural *tincture* of mind.

Few in the next generation who will not write and read, and have an early *tincture* of religion.

Sire of her joy and source of her delight;  
O! wing'd with pleasure take thy happy flight,  
And give each future morn a *tincture* of thy white.

All manners take a *tincture* from our own,  
Or come discoloured through our passions shown.

Have a care lest some darling science so far prevail over your mind, as to give a sovereign *tincture* to all your other studies, and discolour all your ideas.

2. Extract of some drug made in spirits; an infusion.

In *tinctures* drawn from vegetables, the superfluous spirit of wine distilled off leaves the extract of the vegetable.

To **TINCTURE**, *v. a.* [from the noun.]

1. To imbue or impregnate with some colour or taste.

The bright sun compacts the precious stone,  
Imparting radiant lustre like his own:  
He *tinctures* rubies with their rosy hue,  
And on the sapphire spreads a heavenly blue.

A little black paint will *tincture* and spoil twenty gay colours.

2. To imbue the mind.

# TIN

Early were our minds *tinctured* with a distinguishing sense of good and evil; early were the seeds of a divine love, and holy fear of offending, sown in our hearts.

To **TIND**, *v. a.* [from *tindan*, Gothick; *tendan*, Saxon.] To kindle; to set on fire.

**TINDER**, *n. f.* [from *tindere*, Saxon.] Any thing eminently inflammable fitted to catch fire.

Strike on the *tinder* ho!

Give me a taper.

To these shameless pastimes were their youth admitted, thereby adding, as it were, fire to *tinder*.

Where sparks and fire do meet with *tinder*,  
Those sparks more fire will still engender.

Whoever our trading with England would hinder,  
To inflame both the nations do plainly conspire;  
Because Irish linen will soon turn to *tinder*,  
And wool it is greasy, and quickly takes fire.

**TINDERBOX**, *n. f.* [from *tinder* and *box*.] The box for holding *tinder*.

That worthy patriot, once the bellows,  
And *tinderbox* of all his fellows.

He might even as well have employed his time in catching moles, making lanterns and *tinderboxes*.

**TINE**, *n. f.* [from *time*, Islandick.]

1. The tooth of a harrow; the spike of a fork.

In the southern parts of England they destroy moles by traps that fall on them, and strike sharp *tines* or teeth through them.

2. Trouble; distress.

The root whereof, and tragical effect,  
Vouchsafe, O thou the mournful muse of mine,  
That won't the tragick stage for to direct,  
In funeral complaints and wailful *tine*.

To **TINE**, *v. a.* [from *tinan*, Saxon.]

1. To kindle; to light; to set on fire.

Strifeful *Atin* in their stubborn mind  
Coals of contention and hot vengeance *tin'd*.

The clouds  
Jutting or push'd with winds, rude in their flock,  
*Tine* the flant lightning; whose thwart flame din'd down,  
Kindles the gummy bark of fir.

The priest with holy hands was seen to *tine*  
The cloven wood, and pour the ruddy wine.

2. [from *tinan*, Saxon, to *shut*.] To shut.

To **TINE**, *v. n.*

1. To rage; to smart.

2. To fight.

Eden stain'd with blood of many a band  
Of Scots and English both, that *tined* on his strand.

To **TINGE**, *v. a.* [from *tinge*, Lat.] To impregnate or imbue with a colour or taste.

Sir Roger is something of an humourist; and his virtues as well as imperfections are *tinged* by a certain extravagance, which makes them particularly his.

A red powder mixed with a little blue, or a blue with a little red, doth not presently lose its colour; but a white powder mixed with any colour is presently *tinged* with that colour, and is equally capable of being *tinged* with any colour whatever.

If the eye be *tinged* with any colour, as in the jaundice, so as to *tinge* pictures in the bottom of the eye with that colour, all objects appear *tinged* with the same colour.

Still lays some useful bile aside,  
To *tinge* the chyle's insipid tide;  
Else we should want both gibe and satire,  
And all be burst with pure good-nature.

The infusions of rhubarb and saffron *tinge* the urine with a high yellow.

**TINGENT**, *adj.* [from *tingens*, Lat.] Having the power to tinge.

This wood, by the tincture it afforded, appeared to have its coloured part genuine; but as for the white part, it appears much less enriched with the *tingent* property.

**TINGLASS**, *n. f.* [from *tingl*, Dutch.] Bismuth.

To **TINGLE**, *v. n.* [from *tingelen*, Dutch.]

1. To feel a sound, or the continuance of a sound, in the ears.

This is perhaps rather *tingle*.

When our ear *tingles*, we usually say that somebody is talking of us; which is an ancient conceit.

2. To feel a sharp quick pain with a sensation of motion.

The pale boy senator yet *tingles* stands.

3. To feel either pain or pleasure with a sensation of motion.

The sense of this word is not very well ascertained.

They suck pollution through their *tingling* veins.

In a palsy, sometimes the sensation of feeling is either totally abolished, or dull with a sense of *tingling*.

To **TINK**, *v. n.* [from *tinnis*, Latin; *tincian*, Welsh.] To make a sharp shrill noise.

**TINKER**, *n. f.* [from *tink*, because their way of proclaiming their trade is to beat a kettle, or because in their tink they make a tinkling noise.] A mender of old brass.

Am not I old Sly's son, by education a cardmaker, and now by present profession a *tinker*.

# TIP

My copper medals by the pound  
May be with learned justice weigh'd:  
To turn the balance, Ocho's head  
May be thrown in: and for the mettle  
The coin may mend a *tinker's* kettle.

To **TINKLE**, *v. n.* [from *tinter*, Fr. *tinnio*, Latin.]

1. To make a sharp quick noise; to clink.

The daughters of Zion are haughty, and walk with stretched out necks, making a *tinkling* with their feet.

His feeble hand a javelin threw,  
Which flitting, seem'd to loiter as it flew:  
Just, and but barely, to the mark it held,  
And faintly *tink'd* on the brazen shield.

The sprightly horse  
Moves to the music of his *tinkling* bells.

2. It seems to have been improperly used by Pope.

The wand'ring streams that shine between the hills,  
The grotts that echo to the *tinkling* rills.

3. To hear a low quick noise.

With deeper brown the grove was overspread,  
A sudden horror seiz'd his giddy head,  
And his ears *tinkled*, and the colour fled.

**TINMAN**, *n. f.* [from *tin* and *man*.] A manufacturer of tin, or iron tinned over.

Didst thou never pop  
Thy head into a *tinman's* shop?

**TIPPENY**, *n. f.* A certain customary duty anciently paid to the tithingmen.

**TIPWORM**, *n. f.* An insect.

**TIPPER**, *n. f.* [from *tin*; *tin*, Saxon.] One who works in the tin mines.

The Cornish men, many of them could for a need live underground, that were *tippers*.

**TIPSEL**, *n. f.* [from *tin*, Fr.]

1. A kind of shining cloth.

A *tipsel* veil her amber locks did shroud,  
That strove to cover what it could not hide.

Its but a night-gown in respect of your's; cloth of gold and cuts, underborne with a bluish *tipsel*.

By 'Theis' *tipsel* slipper'd feet,  
And the songs of sirens sweet.

2. Any thing shining with false lustre; any thing showy and of little value.

For favours cheap and common who would strive;  
Yet scatter'd here and there I some behold,  
Who can discern the *tipsel* from the gold?

If the man will too curiously examine the superficial *tipsel* good, he undecives himself to his own cost.

No glittering *tipsel* of May fair,  
Could with this rod of Sid compare.

Ye *tipsel* insects, whom a court maintains,  
That counts your beauties only by your stains,  
Spin all your cobwebs o'er the eyes of day,  
The mule's wing shall brush you all away.

To **TIPSEL**, *v. a.* [from the noun.] To decorate with cheap ornaments; to adorn with lustre that has no value.

Hence you phantastick possillers in song,  
My text defeats your art, 'tis nature's tongue,  
Scorns all her *tipsel'd* o'er in robes of varying hues,  
Illustrated by nothing but herself.

She, *tipsel'd* o'er in robes of varying hues,  
With self-applause her wild creation views,  
Sees momentary monsters rise and fall,  
And with her own fool's colours gilds them all.

**TINT**, *n. f.* [from *tinte*, Fr. *tinta*, Ital.] A dye; a colour.

Whether thy hand strike out some free design,  
Where life awakes, and dawns at ev'ry line;  
Or blend in beautiful *tint* the colour'd mass,  
And from the canvas call the mimic face.

**TINY**, *adj.* [from *tiny*, Danish.] Little; small; puny. A burlesque word.

Some pigeons, Davy, and any pretty little *tiny* kickshaws.

When that I was a little *tiny* boy,  
A foolish thing was but a toy.

But ah! I fear thy little fancy roves,  
On little females and on little loves;  
Thy pigmy children, and thy *tiny* spouse,  
The baby playthings that adorn thy house.

**TIP**, *n. f.* [from *tip*, Dutch.] Top; end; point; extremity.

The *tip* no jewel needs to wear,  
The *tip* is jewel of the ear.

They touch the beard with the *tip* of their tongue, and wet it.

Thrice upon thy fingers *tip*,  
Thrice upon thy rubied lip.

All the pleasure dwells upon the *tip* of his tongue.

She has fifty private amours, which nobody yet knows any thing of but herself, and thirty clandestine marriages that have not been touched by the *tip* of the tongue.

# TIR

I no longer look upon lord Plausible as ridiculous, for admiring a lady's fine *tip* of an ear and pretty elbow.

To **TIP**, *v. a.* [from the noun.]

1. To top; to end; to cover on the end.

In his hand a reed  
Stood waving, *tip'd* with fire.

With truncheon *tip'd* with iron head,  
The warrior to the lists he led.

How would the old king smile  
To see you weigh the paws, when *tip'd* with gold,  
And throw the shaggy spoils about your shoulders.

Quarto's, octavo's shape the less'ning pyre,  
And last a little Ajax *tips* the spire.

Behold the place, where if a poet  
Shin'd in description, he might show it;  
Tell how the moon-beam trembling falls,  
And *tips* with silver all the walls.

Fair ermines spotless as the snows they press.

2. To strike lightly; to tap.

She writes love letters to the youth in grace,  
Nay, *tips* the wink before the cuckold's face.

The pert jackanapes *tips* me the wink, and put out his tongue at his grandfather.

A third rogue *tips* me by the elbow.

Their judgment was, upon the whole,  
That lady is the dullest soul;  
Then *tips* their forehead in a jeer,  
As who should say, she wants it here.

When I saw the keeper frown,  
*Tipping* him with half a crown,  
Now, said I, we are alone,  
Name your heroes one by one.

**TIPPER**, *n. f.* [from *tipper*, Sax.] Something worn about the neck.

His turban was white, with a small red cross on the top: he had also a *tipper* of fine linnen.

To **TIPPLE**, *v. n.* [from *tippele*, a dug, old Teutonic.] To drink luxuriously; to waste life over the cup.

Let us grant it is not amiss to fit,  
And keep the turn of *tippling* with a slave,  
To reel the streets at noon.

To **TIPPLE**, *v. a.* To drink in luxury or excess.

While his canting drone-pipe scan'd  
The mystick figures of her hand,  
He *tipples* palmestry, and dines  
On all her fortune-telling lines.

To a short meal he makes a tedious grace,  
Before the barley-pudding comes in place;  
Then bids fall on; himself for saving charges  
A peck'd sic'd onion eats, and *tipples* verjuice.

If a slumber haply does invade  
My weary limbs, my fancy's still awake,  
Thoughtful of drink, and eager in a dream,  
*Tipples* imaginary pots of ale.

**TIPPLE**, *n. f.* [from the verb.] Drink; liquor.

While the *tipple* was paid for, all went merrily on.

**TIPPLED**, *adj.* [from *tipple*.] Tipsey; drunk.

Merry, we sail from the East,  
Half *tippled* at a rainbow feast.

**TIPPLER**, *n. f.* [from *tipple*.] A sottish drunkard; an idle drunken fellow.

**TIPSTAFF**, *n. f.* [from *tip* and *staff*.]

1. An officer with a staff tipped with metal.

2. The staff itself so tip.

One had in his hand a tipstaff of a yellow cane, *tip'd* at both ends with blue.

One had in his hand a *tipstaff* of a yellow cane, tipped at both ends with blue.

**TIPSY**, *adj.* [from *tipple*.] Drunk; overpowered with excess of drink.

The riot of the *tipsy* bacchanals,  
Tearing the Thracian finger in their rage.

Welcome joy and feast,  
Midnight shout and revelry,  
*Tipsy* dance and jollity.

**TIPTOE**, *n. f.* [from *tip* and *toe*.] The end of the toe.

Where the fond ape himself uprearing high,  
Upon his *tip toes* stalketh stately by.

He that outlives this day and comes safe home,  
Will stand a *tip toe* when this day is nam'd,  
And rouse him at the name of Crispian.

Night's candles are burnt out, and jocund day  
Stands *tip toe* on the misty mountains tops.

Religion stands on *tip toe* in our land,  
Ready to pass to the American strand.

Ten ruddy wildings in the wood I found,  
And stood on *tip toes* from the ground.

**TIRE**, *n. f.* [from *tur*, Dutch.]

1. Rank; row.

Your lowest *tire* of ordnance must lie four foot clear above water, when all loading is in, or else those your best pieces will